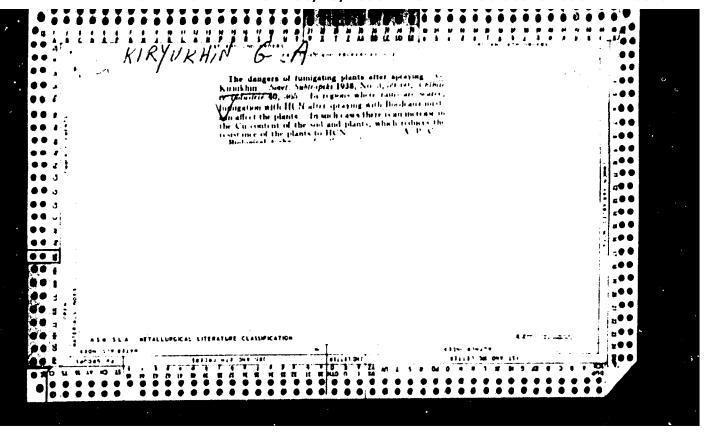
KIEYUKHIN, B.V.; KURZNER, A.B.

Determining the critical size of water droplets and solutions of surface-active agents when sputtered. Probl. fiz. atm. no.2:163-171 '63. (MIRA 17:5)

FIRYUREIN, B.V.; MOPACHFVSKIY, V.G.; Oklova, M.N.

Evaporation rate of droplets of squeous solutions of surfaceactive agents. Probl. fiz. atm. no.2:142-150 \*63.

(MIPA 17:5)



# KIRYUKHIN, G. A.

USSR/General and Special Zoology. Insects. Injurious In- Pacets and Ticks. Posts of Fruit and Borry Crops

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 11, 1958, No 49690

Author : Kiryukhin G.A., Talitakly V.I.
Inst : The Control of Loaf Phylloxora.

Orig Pub: Grodinoritul, vicritul shi vincritul Holdovoy, 1957, No 2, 60-62; Sadovodstvo, vinogradarstvo i vinodoliyo Moldavii, 1957, No 2, 60-62

Abstract: In the regions where the leaf Phylloxera appears overy year it is necessary that the plantings of the hybrids of the direct generators and the evarios of uncultivated vines be treated the first time (better by dusting) against the larvae - during the period of bud opening-until the appearance of 3-4 leaves (before the galls begin to close); the second time (if the first treatment was not carried out in time, during the mass

Card : 1/2

32

# KIRYUKHIN, G.A., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk

Fractional placement of dichloroethanevat residues in soils. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 4 no.4:43-44 Jl-Ag \*59.

(MIRA 16:5)

1. Vsesoyuznaya nauchno-issledovatel'skaya protivofilloksernaya stantsiya.

(Phylloxera-Extermination) (Fumigation)

KIRYUKHIN, G.A.

Some results of testing fumigants. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 6 no.7:48 Jl '61. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Starshiy toksikolog Vsesoyuznoy protivofilloksernoy stantsii, Odessa.

(Phylloxera--Extermination) (Insecticides)

KIRYUKHIN, G.A., kand.gel'skokhoz.nauk

Soil fumigants. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 8 no.7:23-25 Jl 163.

(MIRA 16:9)

KIRYUKHIN 1.A.

IOBANOV, P.; BREZHNEV, D.; OL'SHANSKIY, M.; LYSENKO, T.; LISAVENKO, M.; SINYAGIN, I.; YAKUSHKIN, I.; PREZENT, I.; VARUNTSYAN, I.; KOLESNIKOV, V.; YEVTUSHENKO, A.; ZASYADNIKOV, T.; ALISOV, M.; UTKKHIN, A.; GORSHKOV, I.; HELOKHONOV, I.; VIDENIN, K.; KARPOV, G.; CHERNENKO, S.; BAKHAREV, A.; TIKHONOVA, A.; KUZ'MIN, A.; BUZULIN, G.; TOLMACHEV, I.; LYSYUK, Ye.; KHARITONOVA, Ye.; KUSHNIRENKO, M.; NOVOPAVIOVSKAYA, N.; ZHIRONKIN, I.; KATSURA, O.; KIRYUKHIN, I.; NIKITIN, B.; TSVETAYEVA, Z.; ARKHIPOV, B.; OSTAPENKO, V.; BUTUZOV, V.; LUTKOVA, I.; TSVETAYEVA, Z.; ARKHIPOV, B.; OSTAPENKO, V.; IVANOV, V.; BUTUZOV, V.; LUTKOVA, I.

P.N. IAkovlev; obituary. Agrobiologiia no.6:119 N-D '57.

(MIRA 10:12)

(IAkovlev, Pavel Nikanorovich, 1898-1957)

## A.I , HIHAUYEIA

Kernelless seeds in the sunflower. Biul. nauch.-tekh. inferm.
TSOL no.4:3-12 157. (MIRA 12:1)
(Sunflowers) (Fertilization of plants) (Bees)

# KIRYUKHIN, I.A.



Empty husks in the sunflower. Trudy TSGL 7:230-238 \*61.
(MIRA 15:10)

# KIRYUKHIN, I.F.

Preparation of ultrafilters from cellophane by mechanical stretchings. Lab. delo no.1:54-56 '64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Kafedra biokhimii (zaveduyushchiy - prof.G.V.Troitskiy) Krymskogo meditsinskogo instituta, Simferopol!.

Plaulfide framework and conformation of gamma globulin. Binkhimita 30 no.2:268-276 Mr.Ap 165. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Kafedra blokhimii Krymakogo meditainakogo inatituta, Simferopoli.

KIRYUKHIN, I.F. [Kyriukhin, I.F.]

Methods of low-temperature spectropolarimetry of protein solutions and the study of rapid conformational changes in molecules. Ukr. biokhim. zhur. 37 no.4:608-613 165. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Kafedra biokhimii Krymskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta, Simferopoli.

TROITSKIY, G.V. [Troits'kyi, H.V.]; OKUMOV, V.I.; KIRYUKHIN, I.F. [Kyriukhin, I.F.]

Study of the denaturation of egg albumin by the method of stactro-polarimetry in conjunction with other physicochemical methods. Ukr. biokhim. zhur. 37 no.2:182-193 \*65.

(MIRA 18:6)

1. Kafedra biokhimii Krymakogo meditainakogo instituta, Simferopoli.

KIRTUKHIN, I.I., inshener; MEYLIKHOV, Z.Ye.

More attention to road maintenance during the crop transport period (MIRA 8:11)

Avt.dor.18 no.4:22 J1-Ag'55.

(Roads--Maintenance and repair)

3(0)	367/131-55-11.17
AUTHOR:	Kirpukhin, I.I.
TITL.:	The Third Plenary Session of the Contact to 15th of the Trade-Union
TERICOIC L:	Ranvidko i okhrana medr, 1 59, Fr 5, F 51-53 ( 10)
.c m (57):	Union of Pological Respecting Weakers which is a first of the Pological Respecting Weakers which is a first of the continuous of the continuous in comments of the decisions of the XII Conservate of the continuous in the first of the level of the corresponding to the first of the level of the corresponding continuous of the continuous forces of the continuous forces of the continuous transfer of the continuous forces o
Card 1/2	and challenged other organic thous to a she or w. On the

007/132-39-5-11/17

The Third Flenary Session of the Central Committee of the Trale-Union

other hand, the president of the Chita Perritorial Trade Union Committee, Sokolov, the fermer president of the obser Perritorial Labor Union Committee, Il'in, and the president of the Branch Committee of the uprarlening geologii pri Sovete Ministrov Amerbaydzhanskoy SSR (Directorate of Seelo pointh the Ministers Council of the Amerbaydzhan SSR), Aligev, and other committees and their presidents are blamed for their lack of energy and poor attempts at machine the new requirements.

A JSCCIATION:

Tell profequia rabochikh goolomorazvelochnykh rabot (The Control Committee of the Trade-Union of Maological Prospecting Lorders).

Card 2/2

377/15"-55-7-17/17

AUTHOR:

Kiryukhin, I.I.

TITLE:

A Fitting Reward

PERIODICAL: Razvedka i okhrana nedr, 1959, Nr 7, p 64 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The Presidium of VTsSPS awarded honorary diplomas of VTsSPS for high achievements in the socialist competition to the following teams of geological prospecting workers of the Main Directorate of Geology and Conservation of Mineral Resources at the Council of Ministers of the RSFSR: Beymchanskoye rayonnoye geologorazvedochnoye upravleniye (Seymchanskiy Rayon Geological-Prospecting Directorate); geologicheskoye upravleniye tsentral nykh rayonov (Geological Directorate of the Central Rayons); Volgo-Donskoye geo-logicheskoye upravleniye (Volga - Don Geological Directorate); Trest Kuzbassuglegeologiya (Kuzbassu-glegeologiya Trust) and the Geological Prospecting of the Ministry of Geology and Conservation of Mineral Resources of the USSR. By decision of the

Card 1/3

A Fitting Reward

307/132-59-7-17/17

Central Committee of the Trade-Union of Geological Prospecting Workers and of the Board of the Ministry of Geology and Conservation of Mineral Resources of the USSR, many workers and employees of these organizations received the badge of "Excellent Worker of the Socialist Competition of the Ministry" and the honorary diplomas of the Ministry. For excellent technical achievements in the first quarter of 1959, the challenge red banners of the Council of Ministers and of VTsPS were awarded to the team of workers of the Seymchanskiy Rayon Geological Prospecting Directorate and to one of expeditions of the Ministry of Geology and Conservation of Mineral Resources. The challenge red banners and money rewirds for highly productive work during the first quarter of the 1959 were awarded to: the teams of geological-prospecting workers of the Kuzbassuglegeologiya Trust, of the Urup and Altyn-Topkan Geological Expeditions; the Mirgorodskaya kontora razvedochnogo bureniya (the Mirgorod Office of Prospecting brilling), as well as to 92 drilling and mining brigades. Among these last are: mining brigade

Card 2/3

A Fitting Requard

307/133-59-7-17/17

of the senior foreman T.V. Kravehenko of the Slyudyanka Geological Prospecting Team, Irilling brigade of the senior drilling foreman I.F. Kotlyarov (the Tyret'-Ziminskaya Geological Prospecting Team), drilling brigade of the senior drilling foreman I.V. Goretskiy (the Sorskoye Geological Prospecting Team), drilling brigade of the Geological Prospecting Team), drilling brigade of the senior drilling master M.V. Tret'yukhin of the Levoberezhnaya Team, and many others.

ASSOCIATION: TsK profsoyuza rabochikh geologorazvedochnykh rabot (Central Committee of the Trade-Union of Geological-Irospecting Workers)

Card 3/3

KIRYUKHIN, I.I.; KRIVENKO, Ye.S.

Fifth Plenum of the Central Committee of the Trade Union of Prospecting Workers. Razved. i okh. nedr 28 no.2:54-57 F 62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. TSentral'nyy komitet profsoyuza rabochikh geologorazvedochnykh rabot (for Kiryukhin). 2. Zhurnal "Razvedka i okhrana nedr" (for Krivenko).

(Prospecting) (Trade unions)

#### KIRYUKHIN, I.I.

In the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Trade Union of Prospecting Workers. Razved.i okh.nedr. 28 no.11:55-58 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. TSentral'nyy komitet professional'nogo soyuza rabcchikh geologorazvedochnykh rabot.

(Prospecting) (Trade unions)

## KIRYDEEE, I.I.

In the Gentral Committee of the Trade Take, of Morkers Employed in Geological Prospecting. Resved. iokr. edr. 30 no.3161-63 Mr. 164 (MIEA 18:1)

1. TSentral'nyy komitet professional'hogo sayura rabobikh geologorazvedockaykh rabot.

SMIRNOV, A.I.; KIRYUKHIN, I.I.

Voluntary activists' group is the main support of the trade-union committees. Razved. i okh. nedr 30 no.12:50-52 D \*64. (MIRA 18:4)

l. TSentral'nyy komitet professional'nogo soyuza rabochikh geologorazvedochnykh rabot.

KIRYUKHIN, L.G.; KLEYNER, Yu.M.; SLYUSAREV, A.N.

Tectonic structure of the platform mantle of the eastern part of the northern Kyzylkum syneclise. Biul. MOIP. Otd. geol. 38 no.6:17-23 N-D 163. (MIRA 17:8)

KIRYUKHIN, L.G.; PLESHCHEYEV, I.S.

Tectonics and the prospects for finding gas and oil in the Mynsualmas group of structures in the Morthern Ustyurt. Geol. (MRA 17:9) nefti i gaza 8 no.5:17-21 My 164.

1. Aerogeologicheskaya ekspeditsiya No.11 Vsosojuznogo geregeologicheskogo tresta Ministerstva geologii i ekhrany nedr SSSR.

KIRYUKHIN, L.G.; PLESHCHEYEV, I.S.

Helvetian sediments in northern Ustyurt. Biul. MOIP. Otd. geol.
(MIRA 17:12)
39 no.3:57-61 My-Je 64.

Stratigraphy of Oligonean Sediments in the continuation part of the Charryskoya Plateau. Birl. 1800r. Old.good. 39 no.510-106 (M.RA 1812)

KIRYUKHIN, L.G.; KLEYNER, Yu.M.; FFDOROVICH, B.A.; KHENCEMETAN, C.C.

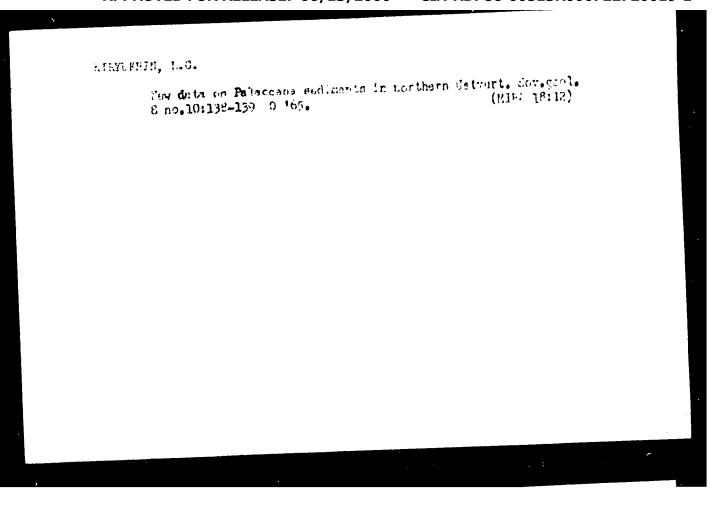
Raviews and bibliography. Biul. MOIF. Otd. geol. 39 no.6:
122-126 N-F '64.

(MIRA 18:3)

GARETSKIY, R.G.; KIRYUKHIN, L.G.; PLESHCHEYEV, I.S.

Tectonics, and oil and ras potentials of the northern Ustyurt. Neftegaz. geol. i geofiz. no.4:10-15 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Vsesoyuznyy serogeologicheskiy trest Ministeratva geologii i okhrany nedr SSSR.



KIRYUKHIR, L.G.; KRAVCHUK, V.N.; FEDOROV, P.V.

Recent data on the terraces of the Aral Sea.Izv. Ali SSSR. Ser. geog. no. 1:68-72 Ja-F 166 (MIRA 19:2)

1. Vtoraya ekspeditsiya Vseseyuznogo aerogeologicheskogo tresta Ministerstva geologii SSSR i Geologicheskiy institut AN SSSR.

RIMUKHIN, M., kand. tekhn. mauk

Beconstruction of the sill of the "AOth Anniversary of the Cototer"

Chigrard. Ruch. transp. 74 no.4.34-35 165.

(MIRA 18:5)

Ship lifting on movable ship hoisters. Rech. transp. 20 no. 3:37
Mr '61.

(Inland navigation) (Hydraulic structures)

KIRYUKHIN, M., kand.tekhn.nauk How to avoid ship damage during raising on slips. Rech.transp. (MIRA 16:2) (Ships-Maintenance and repair)

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minimum, i. .

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Ship lifting with two supports. Rech. transp. 19 no.1:46 Ja
'60. (MIRA 13:5)

(Shipyards—Equipment and supplies)

RINYUKHUN, M.P., kand.tekhn.nauk

Reducing the number of cradles for ship raising on slips. Trudy
GPI 15 no.1:108-127 '61 [i.e. '59]. (MIRA 15:11)

(Shipyards--Equipment and supplies)

KIRYUKHIN, Nikolay Kus'mich; YUKEL'SON, N.Ye., red.; KAYDALOVA, M.D., tekhn. red.

[Communist Youth Leaguers try to save billions of rubles] Za komsomol'skie milliardy! Khabarovsk, Khabarovskoe krizhnoe izd-vo, 1958. 38 p. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Sekretar' Komsomol'skogo-na-Amure gorodskogo komiteta Vsesoyuznogo Leninskogo Kommunisticheskogo soyuza molodezhi (for Kiryukhin). (Communist Youth League) (Efficiency, Industrial)

KIPPYKHIN, R. A.

KURILENKO, P.P., veterinarnyy vrach. KIRYUKHIN. B.A., glavnyy veterinarnyy vrach Chastinskogo rayona, Molotovskoy oblasti.; PRIDAT'KO, I.P., veterinarnyy fel'dsher.; NEMOLOVSKIY, I.K., veterinarnyy vrach.

Immobilizing swing. . Veterinariia 34 no.4:72-74 Ap 157. (MIRA 10:4)

1. Beloglasovskaya rayvetlechebnitsa, Altayskiy kray (for Kurilenko).
2. Kolkhos imeni Khrushcheva, Selidovskogo rayona, Stalinskoy oblasti (for Pridat'ko).
3. Kiyevskaya respublikanskaya vetbaklaboratoriya Ministerstva sel'skogo khosyaystva USSR (for Hemolovskiy)
(Veterinary instruments and apparatus)

GORSHKOV, G.I.; KARAKOV, D.T.; KIRYUKHIN, R.A.

Effect of cobalt chloride on smooth musculature of the intestine. Farm. toks. 24 no.3:338-342 My-Je '61. (MIA 15:1)

1. Kafedra farmakologii (zav. - dotsent M.I.Rabinovich) Troitskogo veterinarnogo instituta.
(INTESTINES) (CORALT CHLOADES)

I. 40178 <u>-66</u> EST(1)/T JK	,
ACC NR: AP6029381 (A,N) SOURCE CODE: UR/0346/66/000/006/0030/0031	
AUTHOR: Kiryukhin, R. A.; Pasechnikov, L. N.	
ORG: none	
TITLE: Isolation of foot-and-mouth disease virus from air exhaled by sick animals	٠
SOURCE: Veterinariya, no. 6, 1966, 30-31	
TOPIC TAGS: hoof and mouth disease, virus, disease control	
ABSTRACT: Air samples were obtained from sick calves starting 24 hours after the animals' temperature rose. Foot-and-mouth disease virus was found in samples obtained after 24 and 48 hours. But samples obtained 96 hours after the initial clinical manifestation of the disease contained no virus. One liter of air exhaled by an animal 24 and then 48 hours after the temperature rose was found to contain 6.3-200 and 350-630 ID50 of virus, respectively. The authors believe that the air-droplet mode of infection of animals is an important factor in the spread of foot-and-mouth disease. Orig. art. has: 1 table. [JPRS: 36,932]	
SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none	
Card 1/1/1/21 29601	

i. 06091-67 EWT(m)/EWP(j) ACC NRI AT6009264 SOURCE CODE: UR/0324/65/000/005/0034/ AUTHOR: Kiryukhin, S. H. ORG: Moscow Textile Institute (Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut) TITIE: Change in the properties of pure wool fabrics during their wear SOURCE: IVUZ. Tekhnologiya tekstil'noy promyshlennosti, no. 5, 1965, 34-40 TOPIC TAGS: natural fiber, wear resistance, friction coefficient ABSTRACT: Experiments were conducted at the Control Test Laboratories of the TsNIIShorsti to determine changes in the proporties of pure wool fabrics upon abrasion on the TI-1 apparatus. On each of the five types of fabric examined, the first hundred abrasion cycles, which removed the free fibers from the surface of the cloth, caused a 3-8% loss in its weight. Fabric thickness increased simultaneously by as much as 20% due to new fibers being pulled out of the yarn onto the surface. With further wear this pulling-out process, i.e. fiber removal, decreased; weight loss docreased until near the end of the fabric wear when it rapidly increased. Air permeability of the fabrics decreased at first, then increased. The structure of the fabric is loosened with continued abrasion until it reaches its critical value; the fabric then breaks down. Changes in the coefficients of friction generally agreed with changes in fabric thickness. Work was conducted under the direction of Doctor of Card 1/2

Technical Lequation	Sciences,	Prof. A.	N. Solov	'yov. Ori	g. art.	has: 5 1	igures,	3 tables a	/ und	
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L 06091-67 EWT(m)/EWP(j) ACC NR: AP6009264 SOURCE CODE: UR/0324/65/000/005/003/ AUTHOR: Kiryukhin, S. M. ORG: Moscow Textile Institute (Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut) TITIE: Change in the properties of pure wool fabrics during their wear SOURCE: IVUZ. Tekhnologiya tekstil'noy promyshlennosti, no. 5, 1965, 34-40 TOPIC TAGS: natural fiber, wear resistance, friction coefficient ABSTRACT: Experiments were conducted at the Control Test Laboratories of the TsNIIShersti to determine changes in the properties of pure wool fabrics upon abrasion on the TI-1 apparatus. On each of the five types of fabric examined, the first hundred abrasion cycles, which removed the free fibers from the surface of the cloth, caused a 3-8% loss in its weight. Fabric thickness increased simultaneously by as much as 20% due to new fibers being pulled out of the yarn onto the surface. With further wear this pulling-out process, i.e. fiber removal, decreased; weight loss decreased until near the end of the fabric wear when it rapidly increased. Air permeability of the fabrics decreased at first, then increased. The structure of the fabric is loosened with continued abrasion until it reaches its critical value; the fabric then breaks down. Changes in the coefficients of friction generally agreed with changes in fabric thickness. Work was conducted under the direction of Doctor of Card 1/2

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C NR: AP6026710  y indicates the polarity of the <112> directions. One of the possible of the indicates the polarity of the <112> directions. One of the possible of the indicates ifference is probably the fact that in gallium phosphide the glide takes if the indicate of a different type than in alkali halide crystals. The distributions around the scratches clearly reflects the polarity of the <112> ocations around the scratches clearly reflects the polarity of the <112> ocations, the authors thank S. L. Pyshkin and Yu. I. Maksimov for proceedings of the crystals. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.	directions.
UB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 03 Jan 66/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 001	

KIRYUKHIN, S.M., gornyy inshener.

Short-delay blasting in pits of the Barsuki Mine Administration.

Gor. shur. no.4:53-54 Ap '57. (MLRA 10:5)

1. Barsukovskoye rudoupravleniye.
(Barsuki--Strip mining) (Blasting)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722720019-1"

>

AUTHOR:

Kiryukhin, S. F. (Engineer).

100-57-12-10/11

TITLE:

Drilling and Blasting at the Barsukovskiye Quarries. (Buro-

vzryvnyye raboty na Barsukovskikh kar'yerakh).

PERIODICAA: Lothanizatelya Stroitel stva, 1957, Nr. 12. pp. 26-27. (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The Barsultov quarry has an output of 430,000 m of limestone per year. The basic processes of quarrying are drilling and blasting. This particular quarry contains limestone layers separated by sand and clay deposits. According to the scale of Professor Protod yakonov the degree of hardness of the limestone is 5 - 6. The specific weight is 25 tons/m. The working platforms are 12-27 m high, averaging 20 - 32m. Transportation of the quarry stone is carried out by excavator SM-5 with a capacity of 5 mg. The drilling is carried out by the standard arilling machine type BU. Until 1955 mass-blading was carried out as follows: Holes were willed not more than 5 m apart and up to 4.5 m in width. Armonite No.8 was used for the blasting. Since 1955, however, a new method of blasting has been tried out according to the method of PEO-trust of Soyuzvzryvprom as follows: the distance between the holes is 7 - 9 m and width 4.5 - 5 m, blasted by the method of "delayed detonation" (0.035 seconds).

Card 1/2

100-57-12-10/11

Drilling and Blasting at the Earsukovskiye Quarries.

Blasting is comised out by apparatus 201-54. Table I gives comparative results of these two different types of blasting. The delayed detonation method did not prove successful in this particular quarry and the old method was tried again with an increased spacing between the blast holes of 8 m. The results of this changed method are given in Table 2. A comparison of these two tables shows that better results are obtained by the use of the latter method. Holes for blasting large blocks of limestone are made by driller type RP-17. There are 2 Tables.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

1. Quarries 2. Drilling-Processes 3. Blasting-Processes

Card 2/2

KIRYUKIIIN, S.M.

Method of "symbol" correlegrams for analyzing the nature of the non-uniformity of the products of spinning. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; tekh.tekst. prom. no.3:34-40 163. (MIRA 16:9)

KIRYUKHIN, S.M.; GUSENKOV, A.M.

Side recovery of refractory clays in Kimovsk open-cut mines.

Ogneupory 27 no.2:72-76 '62. (MIRA 15:3)

 Podmoskovnyy ugol'nyy institut. (Moscow Basin--Coal mines and mining) (Fireclay)

SERGEYEV, M.Ye., professor; PALIADOV, S.S., dotsent; HOVORESENTIE, P.I., dotsent; KIRYUKHIE, T.F., dotsent; TERREVITIEOV, B.F., dotsent; GUREVICH, B.S., Kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; AMERUSEVICH, D.A., st. prepodavatel; GRANOVSKAYA, I.Ye., redaktor.

[Science of industrial wares] Towarovedenie promyshlennykh towarov.

Moskva, Gos. isd-vo torgovoi lit-ry. Vol. 2. 1954. 663 p.(MLRA 7:8)

(Manufactures)

Rapid determination of the dustiness of washed work

Rapid determination of the dustiness of washed wool. Standartizatsiia 28 no.3:37-38 Mr'64. (MIRA 17:5)

LYUBICH, M.G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh næuk; MASLOV, I.G., inzhener; MIKITSKIY, Ye.Kh.; KIRYUKHIM, T.F., kandidat tekhnicheskikh næuk; ORLOWA, G.A., redakter; MEDRISH, D.M., tekhnicheskiy redakter.

[Leather, rubber, and felt feetwear] Obuv' keshanaia, rezinevaia i valianaia. Heskva, Ges.isd-ve tergevei lit-ry, 1956. 238 p. (Shee industry)

# KIRYUKHIN, V., inshener.

Preventing corresion in water-heating boilers when remodeling them for the natural gas use. Zhil. kom. khos. 7 no.3:5 '57. (MLRA 10:4)

1. Stalingradskiy institut inshenerov gorodskogo khosyaystva.
(Boilers) (Gas--Heating and cooking)
(Corrosion and anticorrosives)

KIRYUKHIN, V., predsedatel' shakhtkoma (g.Syzran', Kuybyshevskoy obl.)

Following workers' suggestions. Sov.profsciuzv 7 no.10:43

My '59. (AIRA 12:9)

(Syzran'--Industrial hygiene)

Soviet credits to underdeveloped countries. Ynesh. torg. 27 no.6:15-18 '59. (MTV 12:2) (Underdeveloped areas) (RussiaForeign committee zalations)

### KIRYUKHIN, V.A.

Underground waters in the northern part of the Turgay Gates as a source of agricultural water supply. Izv. vys. ucheb. sav.; geol. i razv. 1 no.12:101-113 D '58. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Leningradskiy gornyy institut.
(Water, Underground) (Water supply, Rural)

#### KIRYUKHIN, V.A.

Underground water in the northern part of the Turgay Gates.

Zap. IGI 34 no.2:17-39 158. (MIRA 12:6)

(Turgay gates--Water, Underground)

KIRYUKHIN, V. A., Candidate Geolog-Minealog Sci (diss) -- "Underground water of the northern portion of the Turgay Gates". Loningrad, 1959. 17 pp (Min Higher Educ USSR, Leningrad Order of Lenin and Order of Labor Red Banner Mining Inst im G. V. Plekhanov, Chair of Hydrogeology and Engineering Geology), 150 copies (KL, No 24, 1959, 130)

## KIRYUKHIN, V.A.

Artesian basins in the south of the Far East. Mat. Kom. po izuch. podzem. vod. Sib. i Dal' Vost. no.2:213-223 [62. (MIRA 17:8)

KIRYUKHIN, V.A.

Basic characteristics of the hydrogeology of artesian basins in the Far East. Zap. IGI 44 no.2:29-45 '62. (MIRA 16:3) (Soviet Far East-Water, Underground)

KIRYUKHIN, V.A.; AL'BINSKIY, N.V.

Hydrogeology of the middle Amar Basin. Trucy VSLCOI 101: 76-19
163. (MIRA 17:9)

KIRYUKHIU. V.D., kand. ekon. nauk

Manual of summer practices in cattle farming ("Stall and field shelter system for keeping cattle in summer combined with a green forder production plan" by A.I.Tiutiunnikov, V.A.Pilipenko.
Reviewed by V.D.Kiriukhin). Zhivotnovodstvo 20 no. 7:88-89 Jl 158.

(MIRA 11:8)

(Pastures and meadows)

KIRYUKHIN, V. D., POZDIKOV, V. N., SHUAILOVSKIY, N. N., YANUSHKOVSKIY, B. A., and GUSHCHIN, Yu., V.

"A Unified Device for Automatic Control With the Use of Modulated Radioactive Radioactive

paper presented at the All-Union Seminar on the Application of Radioactive Isotopes in Heasurements and Instrument Building, Frunce (Kirgiz SSR), June 1961)

So: Atomnaya Energiya, Vol 11, No 5, Nov 61, pp 463-470

ACC NRI AT6035086

(N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/3095/66/035/000/0055/0061

AUTHORS: Paranichev, L. G.; Kiryukhin, V. G.

ORG: none

TITLE: Some features of water circulation in the tropical zone of the Atlantic Ocean

SOURCE: AN UkrSSR. Morskoy gidrofizicheskiy institut. Trudy, v. 35, 1966. Gidrofizicheskiye i gidrokhimicheskiye issledovaniya tropicheskoy zony Atlantiki (Hydrophysical and hydrochemical research in the tropical zone of the Atlantic), 55-61

TOPIC TAGS: ocean current, research ship, ocean property

ABSTRACT: Currents in the tropical zone of the Atlantic Ocean have been studied for several years during voyages of the Russian research ship Mikhail Lomonosov. This work led to discovery and naming of the Lomonosov Current. In 1963, deep eastward currents in the western part of the equatorial belt (related to the Lomonosov Current, and, possibly, continuations of it) were first measured. The present paper discusses these currents on the basis of data accumulated over the past few years. The data show that a vertical circulation of the water mass in the tropical zone takes place in the equatorial plane. The movements involve all water from the surface to a depth of 1500 m and more, most of the water being transferred by deep currents. A subsurface eastward current is observed throughout the entire investigated region. The thickness

Card 1/2

#### ACC NR: AT6035086

of the water layer in this current ranges from 100--500 m. The Lomonosov countercurrent is the central component in the system of eastern transfer of water masses. The authors state that there are strong deep eastward currents with velocities of several tens of centimeters per second within the entire width of the tropical belt of the Atlantic Ocean. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 08/. SUBM DATE: none/ ORIGREF: 003/ OTH REF: 002

Cord 2/2

CHERNYSHEV, M.P.; ROZHKOV, L.P.; SHUL'GINA, Ye.F.; IGNATOVICH, A.F.; LABUNSKAYA, L.S.; POMINA, T.V.; CHERNYAKOVA, A.P.; SHPAKOVA, L.N.; TARAŚOVA, M.K.; ANFILATOVA, A.I.; SLAVIN, L.B.; BARYSHEVSKAYA, G.I.; DERIGLAZOVA, N.V.; MATUSHEVSKIY, G.V.; AL'TMAN, E.N.; KROPACHEV, L.N.; CHEREDILOV, B.F.; POTAPOV, A.T.; DUDCHIK, M.K.; REGENTOVSKIY, V.S.; YERMAKOVA, L.F.; SEMENOVA, Ye.A.; KULIKOVSKIY, I.I.; KIRYUKHIN, Y.G.; AKSENOV, A.A., red.; NEDOSHIVINA, T.G., red.; SERGEYEV, A.N., tekhn. red.; BRAYNINA, M.I., tekhn. red.

> [Hydrometeorological handbook of the Sea of Azov] Gidrometeorologicheskii spravochnik Azovskogo moria. Pod red. A.A.Aksenova. Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1962. 855 p. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Gidrometeorologicheskaya observatoriya Chernogo i Azovskogo morey.

(Azov, Sea of-Hydrometeorology)

Speed controlling stages of low- and medium-powered turbines.
Teploenergetika 8 no.3:36-40 Mr. 161. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Kaluzhskiy turbinnyy zavod. (Steam turbines)

88234

26.2120

S/096/61/000/003/004/012 E194/E155

AUTHORS:

Shchekoldin, A.V., Engineer, and

Kiryukhin, V.I., Engineer

TITLE:

Regulating Velocity Stages of Low- and Medium-Output

Turbines

PERIODICAL: Teploenergetika, 1961, No. 3, pp. 36-40

Modern steam turbines of low and medium output usually have a double-row regulating velocity stage. Accordingly since 1953 the Kaluga Turbine Works, in collaboration with the Moscow Power Institute, have studied the flow paths of velocity regulating stages from subsonic to high supersonic heat-drops on the stage and with steam flow rates of 0.015 to 3.0 m3/sec. As a result of this work the Institute developed a range of blade shapes which were described in an article by Deych and Samoylovich in a book published in 1959. Institute's guide vanes for sonic and supersonic rates of flow In addition to the with cylindrical and meridianal profiling, the Kaluga Turbine Works proposed and developed axially symmetrical space-orientated blading for supersonic speeds. The tests that were made formed

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S/096/61/000/003/004/012 E194/E155

Regulating Velocity Stages of Low- and Medium-Output Turbines the basis for the design of double-row regulating stages. tests were on models made in the same way as regular production blades and nearly full-sized. The investigations led to the development of a number of high-efficiency double-row regulating stages and provided experimental data about the influence on the stage efficiency of a number of design features and various operating conditions. The work described in the present article is only the first stage of the work carried out in the Kaluga Turbine Works to improve the stages of steam turbines. The stages were assessed in terms of the internal relative efficiency calculated from the power developed on the stage rim. frictional losses of the disc being excluded by the special method of calculation A sectional diagram of the flow path of the stages tested is given in Fig.1. Information is tabulated about the geometry and profiles of six different stages the first three of which have nozzles with contracting ducts and are designed to operate with sonic rates of outlet from the nozzles. The other three stages have drilled nozzles which are axially symmetrical Card 2/5

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S/096/61/000/003/004/012 E194/E155

Regulating Velocity Stages of Low- and Medium-Output Turbines

and are intended for operation with a Mach number greater than 1.5. Special features of the various stages are described and the results obtained with them are discussed. The influence of the degree of reaction at the rim is also discussed and some features of the use of pressure equalising holes in the disc are mentioned. If the total stage reaction is excessive there can be an appreciable drop in efficiency because of increased losses by leakage at the root section of the first gap. Analysis of the experimental data on the reaction of a number of double-row stages shows that under designed operating conditions of the nozzles the Mach number does not greatly affect the area ratio necessary for normal reaction. However, as the Mach number is increased it is necessary somewhat to increase the relative areas of the guide vanes and of the second row of runner blades, particularly when the Mach number is high. Data is given which shows that the internal efficiency of the Kaluga Turbine Works stages is very high, up to 72%, and appreciably higher than that of other blading Card 3/5

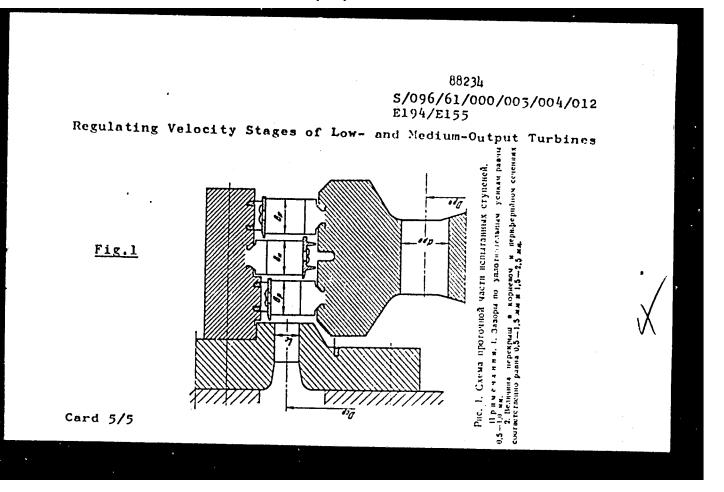
88234 \$/096/61/000/003/004/012 E194/E155

Regulating Velocity Stages of Low- and Medium-Output Turbines which is named. It is recommended that these stages should be used for a wide range of conditions.

There are 4 figures, 1 table and 4 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Kaluzhskiy turbinnyy zavod (Kaluga Turbine Works)

Card 4/5



## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722720019-1

OTROSHCHEMKO, O.S.; SADYKOV, A.S.; KIRYUKHIN, V.K.

Bromination of anabasine. Nauch.trudy TashGU no.263.Khim.nauki no.13:24-26 464. (MIRA 18:8)

L 37230-66 ENT(m)/ENP(1) JIY/RM ACC NR: AP6015389 (A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0409/65/000/C03/0370/0373

AUTHOR: Kiryukhin, V. K.; Otroshchenko, V. S.; Sadykov, A. S.

11

ORG: Tashkent State University im. V. I. Lenin (Tashkentskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Syntheses based on anabasine. Part 20: Chlorination of anabasine

SOURCE: Khimiya geterotsiklicheskikh soyedineniy, no. 3, 1965, 370-373

TOPIC TAGS: organic nitrogen compound, organic phosphorus compound, alkaloid, chlorination, anabasine

ABSTRACT: Anabasine was chlorinated at 220-230°C, and a study of the IR and UV spectra of the product led to the assumption that the chlorination product is 5-chloro-2,3'-bipyridyl (II):

The structure of the product was confirmed by a series of reactions in which phenol

UDC: 547.828+543.422+542.95

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## L 37230-66

ACC NR: AP6015389

was reacted with PCl5, the compound formed was heated with 5-hydroxy-2,3'-bipyridyl,

$$-- 11 + \left[ \bigcirc \right]_3$$

and heating of V to 150° produced bipyridyl II, as indicated by UV and IR spectra. The chlorination of piperidine was carried out under similar conditions, and 3chloropyridine was obtained. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 24Mar64/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 003

Card

**APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000** 

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722720019-1"

# KIRYUKHIN, V.P.

Effect of stimulating chemicals on the spouting and yield of potatoes. Fisiol.rast. 8 no.3:299-303 \*61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kartôfel'nogo khozyaystva, Malakhovka, Moskovskoy oblasti. (Growth promoting substances) (Potatoes)

GRECHUSHNIKOV, A.I.; KIRYUKHIN, V.F.

Uptake and distribution of labeled phosphorus in the potato plant under conditions of foliar feeding. Dokl. AN SSSR 142 no.3:719-722 Ja 162. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Predstavleno akademikom N.V.TSitsinym.
(Plants, Effect of phosphorus on) (Potatoes)

## KIRYUKHIN, V.P.

Experiments on the foliar feeding of plants. Biol. v shkole no.1:47-49 Ja-F '63. (MIRA 16:6)

l. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kartofel'nogo khozyaystva, Moskovskaya oblast'.

(Plants-Nutrition)

KIRYUKHIN, V.P.

"The Influence of Spray Nutrition on the Productivity of the Plants and the Quality of the Harvest of Potatoes":

dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Agricultural Sciences (awarded by the Timiryasev Agricultural Academy, 1962)

(Izvestiya Timiryasevakoy Sel'akokhozyaystvennoy Akademii, Hoscow, No. 2, 1963, pp 232-236)

SEREBRENNIKOV, V.S.; KIRYUKHIN, V.P.

Effect of the irradiation of tubers by cobalt 60 gamma rays before planting on the productivity of potato plants. Dokl. Akad. sel'khoz. nauk no.10:7-11 0 '65.

(MIRA 18:12)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kartofel'nogo khozyaystva.

218C4-66 EWT(m)/EWP(t) IJP(c) ACC NR: AP6012189 SOURCE CODE: UR/0386/66/003/008/0329/0333 AUTHOR: Belov, K. P.; Kiryukhin, V. P.; Sokolov, V. I. ORG: Moscow State University im. M. V. Lomonosov (Moskovskiy gosudarstvenny universitet) TITLE: Effect of small terbium impurities on the magnetostriction of yttrium iron SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki. Pis'ma v redaktsiyu. Prilozheniye, v. 3, no. 8, 1966, 329-333 TOPIC TAGS: fermine, yttrium compound, garnet, magnetostriction, temperature dependence, saturation magnetization, terbium, pelycrystol ABSTRACT: The authors have measured the saturation magnetostriction of a polycrystalline yttrium iron garnet (YIG) sample made from the purest yttrium pxide at room temperature and found it to be negative and equal to -2.16 x 10-8, in good agreement with the published data. A plot of the longitudinal saturation magnetostriction of YIG at room temperature vs. the degree of purity of the initial yttrium oxide shows that the negative magnetostriction of YIG decreases rapidly with decreasing purity of the initial yttrium oxide. A check was made on the hypothesis that the greatest effect on the magnitude of the YIC magnetostriction is exerted

L 21804-66 ACC NR: AP6012189

by a terbium impurity, which follows from the fact that terbium iron garnet has at room temperature a positive magnetostriction according to their earlier measurements (ZhETF v. 48, 979, 1965) and hence increases sharply with decreasing temperature. Plots of the temperature dependences of the magnetostriction and saturation magnetization for two YIG samples of different degree of purity (99.940% and 99.996%) show that the magnetostriction becomes positive with decreasing temperature, and that the positive component of the magnetostriction exerts the greatest influence at low temperatures. Even the most insignificant terbium impurities cause not only a decrease in the magnetostriction at 300K, but also a reversal of the sign of the magnetostriction in the region of helium temperatures. On the other hand, no anomalies were observed on the temperature dependence obtained for the saturation magnetization of the same samples. This absence of correlation between the magnetization and magnetostriction of yttrium iron garnet containing a rare-earth impurity is apparently due to the fact that at low temperatures the decisive role is played by the magnetoelastic energy, causing the change in the coupling between the orbital momentum of the rare-earth ion and the intracrystalline field of the iron garnet. The detailed character of this mechanism is still unclear. It is concluded that the temperature dependence of the magnetostriction constant of YIG can serve as a qualitative indicator of the degree of purity of the

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L 21804-66 ACC NR: AP6012189

investigated sample (or of the exide from which it is made), the sensitivity of the magnetostriction to the terbium impurity being apparently much higher than that of the existing methods for spectral analysis of rare-earth exides. Spectral analysis (sensitivity 0.002%) showed no terbium-exide impurities of the purest yttrium exide (99.996%) from which one of the samples was made, yet their presence is clearly disclosed by the anomalous variation of the temperature dependence of the YIG saturation magnetization. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 03Max66/ ORIG REF: 001/ OTH REF: 004

Card 3/3 PD

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722720019-1

L U5775-6/ EWI(d)/EVI(1)/EWI(m)/EWP(t)/ETI 1JP(2) JD/WW/JG

ACC NR. AP6031436 SOURCE CODE: UR/0056/66/051/002/0428/0430

AUTHOR: Kiryukhin, V. P.; Sokolov, V. I.

ORG: Moscow State University (Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet)

TITLE: Magnetostriction of yttrium-terbium ferrite garnets at low temperatures

SOURCE: Zh eksper i teor fiz, v. 51, no. 2, 1966, 428-430

TOPIC TAGS: ferrite, garnet, yttrium, terbium, magnetostriction, magnetization, Neel ferromagnetic material, ferromagnetic material

ABSTRACT: The magnetic and magnetostrictive properties of polycrystalline ferrite-garnets Tb  $_{x}Y_{3-x}Fe_{5}O_{2}$  (x varied from 0 to 3) has been investigated over the temperature range 4.2 to 100K. A sharp increase of magnetostriction is detected with the increase of the Tb<sup>3+</sup> ion concentration. No apparent correlation between the temperature dependences of magnetostriction and magnetization has been found for samples with a high terbium content (x>1). The results obtained do not conform to the single ion model for magnetoelastic interaction of Neel ferromagnetics. The authors thank Professor K, P, Belov for guiding the study and R, Z. Levitin for taking part in discussions of results. Orig. art, has: 2 figures. [Based on authors! abstract]

Cord 1/1 EUB CODE: 20/SUBM DATE: 25Mar66/ORIG REF: 001/OTH REF: 003/

LYUDOGOVSKAYA, L.A.; TSVETKOV, V.S.; KIRYUKHIN, V.P.

Antigen structure of tumors in man. Report No.3: Comparative analysis of stomach cancer tissue. Vop. onk. 10 no.3:18-22 164.

(MIRA 17:8)

1. Iz otdeln immunologii i onkologii (mav. - prof. L.A. Zil'ber) Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni N.F. Gamalei (dir. - prof. P.A. Vershilova) i patologoanatomicheskogo otdela (zav. - S.V. Kagramanov) 62-y Gorodskoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - V.D. Margolin). Adres avtorov: Moskva, D-182, Malaya Shchukinskaya 13, Institut epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni Gamalei, otdel immunologii i onkologii.

GRECHUSHNIKOV, A.I.; KIRYUKHIN, V.P.; SEREBRENIKOV, V.S.; TEKTONIDI, I.P.

Some physiological and biochemical changes in potatoes produced by treating the tubers with gibberellin. Fiziol. rast. 11 no.4: 620-629 J1-Ag \*164. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Nauchno-issledovateliskiy institut kartofelinggo khozyaystva, Malakhovka Moskovskoy oblasti.

POLONSKIY, G.M., kand. med. nauk; FUTORYAN, Ye.S.; SHUBIN, B.M.; KIRYUKHIN, V.P.

Two cases of cancer of the extrahepatic bile dicts. Khirurgiia 41 no.4:133-134 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. 1-ye khirurgicheskoye otdeleniye Gorodskoy bol'nitsy No.62 (glavnyy khirurg - kand. med. nauk G.M. Polonskiy), Krasnogorsk.

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722720019-1

AUTHOR: Kiryukhin, V.S., Engineer 91-58-5-13/35

TITLE: Repair Chamber for the Washing and Blowing of Electric

Motor Windings (Remontnaya kamera dlya promyvki i produvki

obmotok elektrodvigateley)

PERIODICAL: Energetik, 1958, Nr 5, pp 17-18 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The windings of electric motors are usually washed by gasoline, blown by compressed air (which has been cleaned in

filters), and then sprayed with varnish. During this work,

the air is polluted by gasoline and varnish vapors and copper-graphite dust. In order to improve working conditions, a special chamber, 3 x 2.85 x 2 m is proposed. The electric equipment enters on a narrow gage track. Fresh air is piped-in (see Figure) to the place were the worker stands. The polluted air is sucked off. This

chamber has been operating in the electric repair work-

chamber has been operating in the electric repair workshop of a Soviet plant for several years.

There is 1 figure.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 1/1 1. Electric motors - Maintenance

SVETLOPOLYANSKIY, V.I., inzb. (Volgograd); KIRYUKHIN, V.S., inzh. (Volgograd); KIRYUKHINA, V.V., inzh. (Volgograd)

Oxygen cutting of metals using natural gas. Zhil.-kom. khoz. 12 no.1:25-26 Ja '62. (MIRA 15:6) (Metal cutting) (Gas, Natural)

L 3997-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h) ACCESSION NR: AR5014335

UR/0274/65/000/004/A024/A024

621.396.6.019.3

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Radiotekhnika i elektrosvyaz'. Svodnyy tom, Abs. 4A161

AUTHOR: Kiryukhin, V. V.

TITLE: Calculation of reliability of multicomponent systems

CITED SOURCE: Tr. Sibirsk. fis.-tekhn. in-ta pri Tomskom un-te, vyp. 44,

1964, 153-159

TOPIC TAGS: reliability, system reliability, reliability theory

TRANSLATION: Optimal reserving is a reserving of some elements of the system in such a way that the system reliability is maximum for its limited weight (cost, size, etc.). This solution is suggested: A limit is imposed on the weights of reserve elements  $w_i$  w. It is assumed that each element can be reserved by  $x_j = 1$  elements having reliability  $p_{ij}(i-1,2,...,x_{j-1})$ . The reserve elements can be ordered in such a way that for each of them j, this condition  $p_{ij} > p_{i+1}, p_i = 1, 2, ..., x_{j-1}(i)$ , will be met, i.e., the reliability of each reserve element does not exceed the reliability of each preceding element. Then, the

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L 3997-66

ACCESSION NR: AR5014335

overall reliability of the system will be given by:

$$\rho = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \left(1 - \prod_{i=1}^{n_i} (1 - \rho_{ij})\right) (2).$$

The problem is to select the numbers  $x_j$  in such a way that p reach maximum under the condition that the total weight  $w_{Aen}$  of the system does not exceed the specified weight:

 $\sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{ij} \rightarrow w \sum_{j=1}^{n} x_j < w_{\text{gain}}$  (3a)

or, denoting,  $K = \sum_{j=1}^{n} x_j < K$  (36). The maximisation of (2) under

the condition (3b) is a problem of integer nonlinear programing with a linear boundary condition. In this connection, a theorem is proven which, for the purposes of optimal reserving, substantiates an optimal multistep procedure of reliability calculations. Bibl. 4.

SUB CODE: DP, IB

ENCL: 00

Card 3/2

# KIRYUKHIN, V.V. Optimal communication structures in information systems. Probl. pered. inform. 1 no.2:95-100 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

L 14070-66 BHT(4) ACC NR: AP6002404 /A

SOURCE CODE: UR/0103/85/026/012/2214/2220

AUTHOR: Kiryukhin, V. V. (Tomeh)

ORG: None

TITLE: The problem of optimization of structure of telecommunication networks

SOURCE: Avtomatika i telemekhanika, v. 26, no. 12, 1965, 2214-2220

TOPIC TAGS: telecommunication, communication network, cost estimate

ABSTRACT: The problem of the line distribution of channels for the radial structure of communications was investigated elsewhere by A. K. Kel'mans (O nekotorykh optimal'nykh zadachakh teorii nadezhnosti informatsionnykh setey. Avtomatika i telemekhanika, v. 25, no. 5, 1964). It was assumed that the reserve channels have sufficiently high reliability. In order to exclude some of the undesirable effects brought about by the limitations imposed by the assumption, it is, apparently, necessary in the statement of the problem to introduce conditions of the nonnegative variables. The present article attempts to solve problems I and II in the Kel'mans work for the case of the radial structure, as formulated in the present article and taking the nonnegative condition into account. Problem I is formulated as follows: find the number set

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UDC: 621, 391, 18

L 14070-66

ACC NR: AP6002404

 $\{k_i\}$   $(i=1,\ldots,n)$ , which minimizes the loss function

$$\mathcal{R} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mu_i q_i$$

with the condition

$$\sum_{i=1}^n c_i k_i \leqslant C_i$$

where  $\mathcal{U}_i$  is the derivative of the i-th point;  $\mathbf{q}_i$  and  $\mathbf{c}_i$  are the probability of failure and the cost per channel in the i-th line, respectively;  $\mathbf{k}_i$  is the number of such channels; and C is the total sum of funds for the construction of the communications system. Problem II consists in the need to minimize the cost of the system

Card 2/3

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722720019-1

ACC NR: A With the cos		n the system do not excee	od the given quantity $\mathcal{X}_{ij}$
學的學術學的學術	LAGA		
SUB CODE:	/7/3 SUBM DATE: 08F	eb85/ Orig Ref. 001/ C	TH REP: 001
<b>Card 3/3</b>			

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722720019-1

## KIRYUKHIN, V. V.

"A minimization method for Boolean functions and its programming into a digital computer"

report submitted for the Intl. Symposium on Relay Systems and Finite Automata Theory (IFAC), Moscow, 24 Sep-2 Oct 1962.

# KIRYUKHIN, V.V.

A method for the minimisation of Boolean functions and its use in the "Ural" universal digital computer. Probl.pered.inform. no.11:57-65 \*62. (MIRA 16:1) (Electronic digital computers) (Boolean functions)

KIRYUKHIN, V.Ya.

Hydraulic fill method for building earth structures from loess.

Trudy SANIIRI no. 98:83-99 159. (MIRA 14:1)
(Loess) (Hydraulic engineering)